

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA

ROBERT SIMMONS,)
Petitioner,)
v.) No. 1:06-cv-1746-DFH-TAB
ED BUSS, Superintendent,)
Respondent.)

Entry Concerning Selected Matters

The court, having considered the above action and the matters which are pending, makes the following rulings:

1. Mr. Simmons has filed a notice of appeal from the denial of his petition for a writ of habeas corpus. His notice of appeal is accompanied by his request for a certificate of appealability.
 - a. "A certificate of appealability may issue . . . only if the applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). "A petitioner satisfies this standard by demonstrating that jurists of reason could disagree with the district court's resolution of his constitutional claims or that jurists could conclude the issues presented are adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further." *Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 123 S. Ct. 1029, 1034 (2003).
 - b. There are no circumstances discernible from the pleadings or the record which satisfy these grounds. For the reasons which accompanied the dismissal of those claims in the Entry of August 20, 2008, therefore, Mr. Simmons' application for the issuance of a certificate of appealability is **denied**.
2. The petitioner seeks leave to proceed on appeal without prepayment of the appellate fees of \$455.00. An appeal may not be taken *in forma pauperis* if the trial court certifies that the appeal is not taken in good faith. 28 U.S.C. § 1915; see *Coppedge v. United States*, 369 U.S. 438, 82 S. Ct. 917 (1962). "Good faith"

within the meaning of § 1915 must be judged by an objective, not a subjective, standard. See *Id.* There is no objectively reasonable argument which the petitioner could present to argue that the disposition of this action was erroneous. In pursuing an appeal, the petitioner “is acting in bad faith . . . [because] to sue in bad faith means merely to sue on the basis of a frivolous claim, which is to say a claim that no reasonable person could suppose to have any merit.” *Lee v. Clinton*, 209 F.3d 1025, 1026 (7th Cir. 2000). Accordingly, his appeal is not taken in good faith, and for this reason his request for leave to proceed on appeal *in forma pauperis* is **denied**.

So ordered.



DAVID F. HAMILTON, Chief Judge
United States District Court

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